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Citation for published version:

Dawson, J, Merwick, A, Webb, A, Dennis, M, Ferrari, J & Fonseca, AC 2021, 'European Stroke Organisation expedited recommendation for the use of short-term dual antiplatelet therapy early after minor stroke and high-risk TIA', *European Stroke Journal*, vol. 6, no. 2, pp. VI-VI.
<https://doi.org/10.1177/23969873211027006>

Digital Object Identifier (DOI):

[10.1177/23969873211027006](https://doi.org/10.1177/23969873211027006)

Link:

[Link to publication record in Edinburgh Research Explorer](#)

Document Version:

Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Published In:

European Stroke Journal

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European Stroke Journal
2021, Vol. 6(2) VI
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DOI: 10.1177/23969873211027006
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for the European Stroke Organisation

Abstract

Prevention of early recurrent ischaemic stroke remains a priority in people with TIA or ischaemic stroke. A number of trials have recently been completed assessing the efficacy of short-term dual antiplatelet therapy (DAPT) versus single antiplatelet therapy early after minor or moderate stroke or high-risk TIA. We present an Expedited Recommendation for use of dual antiplatelet therapy early after ischaemic stroke and TIA on behalf of the ESO Guideline Board. We make a strong recommendation based on high quality of evidence for use of 21-days of dual antiplatelet therapy with aspirin and clopidogrel in people with a non-cardioembolic minor ischaemic stroke or high-risk TIA in the past 24 hours. We make a weak recommendation based on moderate quality evidence for 30-days of dual antiplatelet therapy with aspirin and ticagrelor in people with non-cardioembolic mild to moderate ischaemic stroke or high-risk TIA in the past 24 hours.

Keywords

Stroke, TIA, antiplatelets

Date received: 9 February 2021; accepted: 16 February 2021

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